

# Annex 1: Probabilistic analysis of connectivity changes

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**Definition 0.1.** A node flagged as “expired” by a node  $n$  is a node which has not responded to any of  $n$ 's last three requests.

**Remark 0.1.** An expired node will not be contacted before 10 minutes from its expiration time.

Let  $N$  the DHT network,  $n_0 \in N$ , a given node and the following probabilistic events:

- $A$ :  $\forall n \in N$   $n$  is unreachable by  $n_0$ , i.e.  $n_0$  lost connection with  $N$ ;
- $B$ :  $S \subset N$ , the nodes unreachable by  $n_0$  with  $k = \frac{|S|}{|N|}$ ;
- $C$ :  $m \leq |N|$  nodes are flagged as “expired”.

We are interested in knowing  $\mathbb{P}(A|C)$ , i.e. the probability of the event where  $A$  occurs prior to  $C$ . From the above, we immediately get

$$\begin{cases} \mathbb{P}(C|A) & = 1 \\ \mathbb{P}(A) + \mathbb{P}(B) & = 1 \end{cases}$$

Also, the event  $A|C$  can be abstracted as the urn problem of draw without replacement. Then,

$$\mathbb{P}(C|B) = \prod_{i=0}^m \left[ \frac{k|N| - i}{|N|} \right] = \prod_{i=0}^m \left[ k - \frac{i}{|N|} \right]$$

Furthermore, using Bayes' theroem we have

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{P}(A|C) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(C|A)\mathbb{P}(A)}{\mathbb{P}(C|A)\mathbb{P}(A) + \mathbb{P}(C|B)\mathbb{P}(B)} \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(A)}{\mathbb{P}(A) + \mathbb{P}(C|B)\mathbb{P}(B)} \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}(A)}{\mathbb{P}(A) + \mathbb{P}(C|B)[1 - \mathbb{P}(A)]} \\ \Rightarrow \mathbb{P}(A) &= \mathbb{P}(A|C) [\mathbb{P}(A) + \mathbb{P}(C|B)(1 - \mathbb{P}(A))] \\ \Rightarrow \mathbb{P}(A) \left[ \frac{1}{\mathbb{P}(A|C)} - 1 \right] &= \mathbb{P}(C|B)(1 - \mathbb{P}(A)) \end{aligned}$$

Finally,

$$\left[ \frac{\mathbb{P}(A)}{1 - \mathbb{P}(A)} \right] \left[ \frac{1}{\mathbb{P}(A|C)} - 1 \right] = \prod_{i=0}^m \left[ k - \frac{i}{|N|} \right] \quad (1)$$

From (1), we may set a plausible configuration  $\{\mathbb{P}(A), \mathbb{P}(A|C), k, |N|\}$  letting us produce results such as in table 1, 2 and 3.

Table 1: The values for  $m$  assuming  $\mathbb{P}(A|C) \geq 0.95$ ,  $k = \frac{1}{2}$

$ N  \setminus \mathbb{P}(A)$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{1}{1000}$	$\frac{1}{10000}$
$2^0$	1	1	1	1
$2^1$	1	1	1	1
$2^2$	2	2	2	2
$2^3$	4	4	4	4
$2^4$	5	6	7	8
$2^5$	5	7	9	10
$2^6$	6	9	11	13
$2^7$	6	9	12	14
$2^8$	7	10	13	16
$2^9$	7	10	13	16
$2^{10}$	7	10	13	17

Table 2: The values for  $m$  assuming  $\mathbb{P}(A|C) \geq 0.95$ ,  $k = \frac{2}{3}$

$ N  \setminus \mathbb{P}(A)$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{1}{1000}$	$\frac{1}{10000}$
$2^0$	1	1	1	1
$2^1$	2	2	2	2
$2^2$	3	3	4	4
$2^3$	5	5	6	8
$2^4$	6	8	9	10
$2^5$	8	10	12	14
$2^6$	9	13	16	18
$2^7$	11	15	18	22
$2^8$	11	16	21	25
$2^9$	12	17	22	27
$2^{10}$	12	18	23	28

Table 3: The values for  $m$  assuming  $\mathbb{P}(A|C) \geq 0.95$ ,  $k = \frac{3}{4}$

$ N  \setminus \mathbb{P}(A)$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{1}{1000}$	$\frac{1}{10000}$
$2^0$	1	1	1	1
$2^1$	2	2	2	2
$2^2$	3	3	3	3
$2^3$	5	6	6	6
$2^4$	7	9	10	11
$2^5$	10	12	14	16
$2^6$	12	16	19	22
$2^7$	14	19	23	27
$2^8$	15	21	27	32
$2^9$	16	23	30	36
$2^{10}$	17	24	31	38